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Enhanced zinc-finger-nuclease activity with improved obligate heterodimeric architectures

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Supplementary Figure 1 | Genetic screening scheme.



(a) Following gap repair, ZFN expression was induced at the non-permissive temperature of 22°C. (b) After recovery, the cells were incubated in KAN (G418), NAT and Ura⁻ media to eliminate all cells containing active ZFNs. This step selected for potential cold-sensitive as well as for inactive mutants. (c) Next, the cells were shifted to 37°C (permissive temperature) and plated on media containing 5-FOA and X-Phos (colorimetric Pho5 substrate). Only cells containing a cold-sensitive ZFN should form blue colonies. (d) The plasmids from these cells were then isolated and the reporter strain retransformed to confirm the cold-sensitive phenotype. The mutations were identified by direct sequencing of the FokI domain.



Supplementary Figure 2 | Improved activity and specificity of the ELD:KKK and ELD:KKR ZFN variants.

(a) Expression plasmids encoding the indicated ZFN variants targeting *TP53BP1* were transfected (400 ng) in duplicate into K562 and the cells were harvested 3 days post-transfection. Non-radioactive Cel-1 assay was used to determine the frequency of ZFN-induced insertions and deletions (indels). An aliquot of the cells was also cultivated for an additional week to determine the stability of the modified cells in extended cultures. (b) ZFN expression was monitored by western blot using the FLAG antibody and α -NF κ B p65 was used as a loading control. * Indicates non-specific cutting by the Cel-1 nuclease. Arrows indicate the cleavage products of the predicted size.

Supplementary Figure 3 | ZFN variants ELD:KKK and ELD:KKR are more active than the original obligate heterodimeric EL:KK.

a RIPK1



b RSK4



(a) Expression plasmids encoding the indicated ZFN variants targeting two different sites in the *RIPK1* gene were transfected (400 ng) into K562 and the cells were harvested 3 days post-transfection. Non-radioactive Cel-1 assay was used to determine the frequency of ZFN-induced insertions and deletions (indels). (b) Expression plasmids encoding ZFN pairs (A-B-C-D-E) targeting five different sites in the *RSK4* gene were transfected (400 ng) into K562 and the cells were incubated for 3 days at 37°C (left panel) or 30°C (right panel) for 3 days before harvest. Cel-1 assay was used to determine the frequency of ZFN-induced insertions and deletions (indels). * Indicates an underestimated value due to the saturation of the assay.



Supplementary Figure 4 | Preservation of the obligate heterodimer specificity.

(a) Forced homodimerization of the indicated FokI domains using the *NR3C1* targeting ZFNs was assayed by transfection of the expression plasmids encoding the indicated ZFN variants (400 ng) in duplicate into K562 cells. The Cel-1 assay was used to determine the frequency of ZFN-induced indels at the *NR3C1* heterodimer site. (b) ZFN expression was monitored by western blot using the FLAG antibody and α -NF κ B p65 was used as a loading control.



Supplementary Figure 5 | Characterization of ZFN variants activity at heterodimer off-target sites.

(a) and (b) are the same gels shown in Figure 3c. (c) and (d) Cleavage at *TRIM26* and *Chr.1* in the cells transfected with 400 ng of the indicated ZFN expression plasmids was assayed by the Cel-1 assay to determine the frequency of ZFN-induced indels at these heterodimer off-target sites for the *NR3C1*-targeting ZFNs. * Indicates non-specific cutting by the Cel-1 nuclease. Arrows indicate the cleavage products of the predicted size.



Supplementary Figure 6 | Activity of obligate heterodimeric FokI variants at the *CCR5* locus.

(a) Expression plasmids encoding the indicated ZFN variants targeting *CCR5* were transfected (80 ng) into K562 and the cells were harvested 3 days post-transfection. The Cel-1 assay was used to determine the frequency of ZFN-induced insertions and deletions (indels). (b) ZFN expression was monitored by western blot using the FLAG antibody and α -NF κ B p65 was used as a loading control.

Supplementary Figure 7 | Anti-homodimerization is further improved by the introduced mutations.



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(a) Forced homodimerization of *CCR5* targeting ZFNs was assayed by transfection of expression plasmids encoding the indicated ZFN variants (400 ng) in duplicate into K562 cells and the Cel-1 assay was used to determine the frequency of ZFN-induced indels at the *CCR5* heterodimer target, a *CCR5*-L ZFN homodimer (*ABLIM2*), and a *CCR5*-R homodimer (*PGC*) off-target sites. * Indicates the presence of a SNP that results in non-specific cleavage by the Cel-1 nuclease. Arrows indicate the cleavage products of the predicted size. ^ Indicates an underestimated value due to the saturation of the assay (b) ZFN expression was monitored by western blot using the FLAG antibody and α -NF κ B p65 was used as a loading control. (c) High (400 ng) and low (200 ng) amounts of expression plasmids encoding the *CCR5*-targeting ZFN variants were transfected in duplicate into K562s, the cells were harvested 3 days post-transfection, and the Cel-1 assay was used to determine the frequency of ZFN-induced indels at the *CCR5* heterodimer site. (d) ZFN expression was monitored as in (b).

Supplementary Figure 8 | The N496D:H537R mutant pair enhances the activity of the DA:RV architecture.

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(a) Expression plasmids encoding the indicated *NR3C1* ZFN variants (400 ng) were transfected in duplicate into K562 and the cells were harvested 3 days post-transfection. The Cel-1 assay was used to determine the frequency of ZFN-induced insertions and deletions. ZFN expression level was monitored by western blot using the FLAG antibody and α -NF κ B p65 was used as a loading control. (b) and (c) Expression plasmids encoding the indicated *CCR5* and *CXCR4* ZFN variants (80 ng) were transfected in duplicate into K562 and processed as in (a).

Supplementary Figure 9 | The N496D:H537R mutant pair enhances the activity of the D:R architecture.



(a) and (b) Expression plasmids encoding the indicated NR3C1 ZFN variants (80 and 400 ng) were transfected in duplicate into K562 and the cells were harvested 3 days posttransfection. The Cel-1 assay was used to determine the frequency of ZFN-induced insertions and deletions. ZFN expression level was monitored by western blot using the FLAG antibody and α -NF κ B p65 was used as a loading control.

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Supplementary Figure 10 | Orthogonal behavior of the ELD:KKR and DAD:RVR architectures.

(a) Forced homodimerization and transheterodimerization of *CXCR4* targeting ZFNs was assayed by transfection of expression plasmids encoding the indicated FokI variants (400 ng) in duplicate into K562 cells and the Cel-1 assay was used to determine the frequency of ZFN-induced indels 3 days post transfection. (b) ZFN expression was monitored by western blot using the FLAG antibody and α -NF κ B p65 was used as a loading control.

Supplementary Figure 11 | Elimination of transheterodimer off-target activity using combinations of the ELD:KKR and DAD:RVR architectures.



K562 cells were transfected in duplicate with various combinations of expression plasmids encoding the the CCR5 and CXCR4 targeting ZFNs (400 ng) and incubated at either 37°C or 30°C for 3 days. The Cel-1 assay was used to determine the frequency of ZFN-induced indels at both targets and four transheterodimer off-targets. The monomers that can potentially combine to form transheterodimers are indicated in parenthesis below the cleavage site. Note that in lanes 6 and 7 we attempted to block transheterodimerization by adding the N496D mutation on the KK domain (DKK) and the H537R mutation on the EL domain (REL) on the CXCR4-targeting ZFN. This created a situation where unwanted transheterodimer formation would be decreased by the presence either two N496D or H537R mutations in the heterodimer. As such, the following potential heterodimers ELD:DKK and KKR:REL could form with a decrease efficiency. This strategy resulted in a modest but detectable reduction of transheterodimerization, especially at weak off-target sites (e.g. FRYL at 30°C and *C10RF210*). Note that the transfection of the two wild-type ZFN pairs resulted in decreased cell growth/survival and a resulting drop in on target activity. This was more pronounced under cold shock conditions. * Indicates an underestimated value due to the saturation of the assay.



(a) Expression plasmids encoding the indicated *KDR* ZFN variants (400 ng) were transfected in duplicate into K562 and the cells were harvested 3 days post-transfection. The Cel-1 assay was used to determine the frequency of ZFN-induced insertions and deletions. An aliquot of the cells was also cultivated for an additional week to determine the stability of the modified cells in extended cultures. (b) ZFN expression level was monitored by western blot using the FLAG antibody and α -NF κ B p65 was used as a loading control. (c) and (d) Same as (a) and (b) but using the expression plasmids encoding the *NR3C1* -targeting ZFNs at a 80 ng dose. –S indicates the "Sharkey" mutations (S418P, K441E).



Supplementary Figure 13 | Additive effect of the DAD:RVR and "Sharkey" FokI domains on ZFN activity.

(a) Expression plasmids encoding the indicated *NR3C1* ZFN variants (400 ng) were transfected in duplicate into K562 and the cells were harvested 3 days post-transfection. The Cel-1 assay was used to determine the frequency of ZFN-induced insertions and deletions. (b) ZFN expression level was monitored by western blot using the FLAG antibody and α -NF κ B p65 was used as a loading control. –S indicates the "Sharkey" mutations (S418P, K441E).

Supplementary Figure 14 | Preservation of the obligate heterodimer specificity in the ELD:KKR and DAD:RVR architectures combined with the "Sharkey" FokI domains.



(a) and (c) Forced homodimerization of the indicated FokI domains using the *NR3C1* targeting ZFNs was assayed by transfection of expression plasmids encoding the indicated ZFN variants (400 ng) in duplicate into K562 cells. The Cel-1 assay was used to determine the frequency of ZFN-induced indels at the *NR3C1* heterodimer site 3 days post transfection. (b) and (d) ZFN expression was monitored by western blot using the FLAG antibody and α -NF κ B p65 was used as a loading control. –S indicates the "Sharkey" mutations (S418P, K441E).

Supplementary Figure 15 | Unprocessed scans of full-length gels and blots for the primary figures.



Figure 4a





Figure 3b

Figure 3a



Membrane was first probed with anti-FLAG, and then incubated with anti-NFkB p65.

Figure 3c,d



Supplementary Figure 15 | Unprocessed scans of full-length gels and blots for the primary figures.



Figure 5c



Membrane was coincubated with anti-FLAG and anti-NF κ B p65. Two different exposures of the same membrane are shown. Top gels were scanned for the FLAG and bottom gels scanned for NF κ B p65

Mutations				Isolates	Secondary structure
I499T ⁷				1	loop P2
$I538F^{11}$				1	α5
$I538T^{11}$				3	α5
$Q486L^5$				2	α4
$Q486L^5$	K448M			4	α 4, loop P1
$N496D^6$	$E484V^4$			3	loop P2, $\alpha 4$
$H537L^{10}$	A482T ³	K559T	L563M	1	$\alpha 5, \alpha 4$
Q531R ⁹				2	α5
Q531R ⁹	V512M			1	α5
$N500S^8$	K402R	K427M	N578S	1	loop P2
N500S ⁸	K469M*			1	loop P2
$N476D^2$				1	unannotated
$N476K^2$				1	unannotated
$G474S^{1}$				4	unannotated
$G474A^{1}$				5	unannotated
D467E*				1	catalytic triad

Supplementary Table 1 | Isolated cold-sensitive mutants.

The numbers in the "Isolates" column refer to the number of independent isolates of each mutation. The position of the mutations (indicated by a superscript number and shown in Figure 2a,b) relative to the secondary structure is based on the FokI crystal structure¹⁹. * Denotes a residue in the catalytic triad.

The G474A/S and N476D/K mutations are predicted to occur in a region of the protein that is in close proximity to the DNA, but are also near residue Ile479 which makes a van der Waals contact with Arg447 of the opposite monomer¹⁹.

KDR	F	AGTATGGGGCCCTGTTGAAT
	R	TCCCACTGACCTTCTATTATGAAA
ND2C1	F	TCATAACACTGTTCTTCCCCTTCTTTAGCC
NR3C1	R	TCAAAACACACACTACCTTCCACTGCTC
	F	TCCTTGCCCTCAAGATTCAT
KCSDI	R	CTGCTCCCACAGCTTAGGTC
SrebF2	F	AGCGACTGCAGAAGCAAGTT
	R	TCTAACCAGCTGGGTGACCT
53BP1	F	GGGGACAGATAGCTTTAAACACC
	R	TTGGTGAGTGATACCTTGTTTGA
RIPK1-A	F	TTCTAACGCTTCTGGCCTGT
	R	ATGCTAACGAGCTGCAAACA
מ ועתות	F	TGTGGGAAGAGGACCATCTC
RIPK1-B	R	GGTAGTTGGCTTCGTCTTGG
CCD5	F	AAGATGGATTATCAAGTGTCAAGTCC
CCKJ	R	CAAAGTCCCACTGGGCG
4 DI 1142	F	CGATGACTCTGAGGTCTACTCG
ADLIM2	R	CAAGTGAACACATGGTTTGCAG
DCC	F	AAGGCAGGAGACCCAGCATTTC
PGC	R	CTACACAGGACTTTCCCTTGGAGC
DCVA	F	GGACAAAAGACAGAAAATGTGAAA
KSK4	R	TGCAAAAATTCATGAAATACACTG
TDIM 26	F	GGAGTGGTACTGGGCGTGTC
I KIWIZO	R	TTCAGGAGGTTTAGAGACCATCAAA
Chr. 1	F	GCAGCAACCTGCCAGCTCTA
Chr. I	R	CCCATTTGCCAACCAAGAGA
CVCPA	F	CAGTCAACCTCTACAGCAGTGTCC
CXCR4	R	GGAGTGTGACAGCTTGGAGATG
Clorf210	F	CCTCTGTCCCTGAGGTTCAA
	R	TGCTGGTAGGATTTGTGCTG
	F	TTCCCTTCTTGAAGGCTCAC
IBCIDS	R	TTGTCAGCATGGCATTCAGT
CD274	F	TGGAGAGGCACTAAGAGGGA
CD2/4	R	CTCACAGCCACTCTTCCAGA
FRYL	F	CCAACCCAACTGCAGGTATATTA
	R	GGATTAGCTTTGAAAAGGGAGG

Supplementary Table 2 | Primers used for the Cel-1 assays.

Supplementary Note 1

ZFN coding sequences

TP53BP1-L (ELD FokI domain)

Target sequence (5' to 3') GTTCAGGATTGG

atggactacaaagaccatgacggtgattataaagatcatgacatcgattacaaggatgac M D Y K D H D G D Y K D H D I D Y K D D gatgacaagatggccccccaagaagaagaggaaggtcggcatccacggggtacccgccgct D D K M A P K K K R K V G I H G V P A A atggctgagaggcccttccagtgtcgaatctgcatgcgtaacttcagtcgctccgaccac M A E R P F Q C R I C M R N F S R S D H ctqtccacccacatccqcacccacaccqqcqaqaaqccttttqcctqtqacatttqtqqq L S T H I R T H T G E K P F A C D I C G aggaaatttgccacctccgccaacctgtcccgccataccaagatacacacgggatctcag R K F A T S A N L S R H T K I H T G S Q aagcccttccagtgtcgaatctgcatgcgtaacttcagtcgctccgacaacctgtccgag K P F Q C R I C M R N F S R S D N L S E cacatccgcacccaccaccggcgagaagccttttgcctgtgacatttgtgggaggaaatttH I R T H T G E K P F A C D I C G R K F gccacctccggctccctgacccgccataccaagatacacctgcgggggatcccagctggtg A T S G S L T R H T K I H L R G S Q L V aagagcgagctggaggagaagaagtccgagctgcggcacaagctgaagtacgtgccccac K S E L E E K K S E L R H K L K Y V P H gagtacatcgagctgatcgagatcgccaggaacagcacccaggaccgcatcctggagatg E Y I E L I E I A R N S T Q D R I L E M aaqqtqatqqaqttcttcatqaaqqtqtacqqctacaqqqqaaaqcacctqqqcqqaaqc K V M E F F M K V Y G Y R G K H L G G S agaaagcctgacggcgccatctatacagtgggcagccccatcgattacggcgtgatcgtg R K P D G A I Y T V G S P I D Y G V I V gacacaaaggcctacagcggcggctacaatctgcctatcggccaggccgacgagatggag D T K A Y S G G Y N L P I G Q A D E M E agatacqtqqaqqaqaaccagacccqqqataaqcacctcaaccccaacqaqtqqtqqaaq RYVEENOTRDKHLNPNEWWK gtgtaccctagcagcgtgaccgagttcaagttcctgttcgtgagcggccacttcaagggc V Y P S S V T E F K F L F V S G H F K G aactacaaggcccagctgaccaggctgaaccacatcaccaactgcaatggcgccgtgctg N Y K A Q L T R L N H I T N C N G A V L agcgtggaggagctgctgatcggcggcgagatgatcaaagccggcaccctgacactggag S V E E L L I G G E M I K A G T L T L E gaggtgcggcgcaagttcaacaacggcgagatcaacttcagatct E V R R K F N N G E I N F R S

TP53BP1-R (KKR FokI domain)

Target sequence (5' to 3') GCTGGAGAAGAACGAGGAG

atggactacaaagaccatgacggtgattataaagatcatgacatcgattacaaggatgac M D Y K D H D G D Y K D H D I D Y K D D gatgacaagatggcccccaagaagaagaggaaggtcggcattcatggggtacccgccgct D D K M A P K K K R K V G I H G V P A A

M A E R P F Q C R I C M R N F S Q S G A ctggcccgccacatccgcacccacccgcgagaagccttttgcctgtgacatttgtggg L A R H I R T H T G E K P F A C D I C G aggaaatttgcccgctccgacaacctgacccgccataccaagatacacacgggcggaggc R K F A R S D N L T R H T K I H T G G G G S Q R P F Q C R I C M R N F S Q S G N ctggcccgccacatccgcacccacaccggcgagaagccttttgcctgtgacatttgtggg L A R H I R T H T G E K P F A C D I C G aggaaatttgcccagtccggcaacctggcccgccataccaagatacacacgggatctcag R K F A Q S G N L A R H T K I H T G S Q K P F Q C R I C M R N F S Q S G H L Q R cacatccgcacccacaccggcgagaagccttttgcctgtgacatttgtgggaggaaatttH I R T H T G E K P F A C D I C G R K F gcccagtcctccgacctgcgccgccataccaagatacacctgcggggatcccagctggtg A Q S S D L R R H T K I H L R G S Q L V aagagcgagctggaggagaagaagtccgagctgcggcacaagctgaagtacgtgccccac K S E L E E K K S E L R H K L K Y V P H gagtacatcgagctgatcgagatcgccaggaacagcacccaggaccgcatcctggagatg E Y I E L I E I A R N S T Q D R I L E M aaqqtqatqqaqttcttcatqaaqqtqtacqqctacaqqqqaaaqcacctqqqcqqaaqc K V M E F F M K V Y G Y R G K H L G G S agaaagcctgacggcgccatctatacagtgggcagccccatcgattacggcgtgatcgtg R K P D G A I Y T V G S P I D Y G V I V gacacaaaggcctacagcggcggctacaatctgcctatcggccaggccgacgagatgcag D T K A Y S G G Y N L P I G Q A D E M Q agatacgtgaaggagaaccagacccggaataagcacatcaaccccaacgagtggtggaag RYVKENQTRNKHINPNEWWK gtgtaccctagcagcgtgaccgagttcaagttcctgttcgtgagcggccacttcaagggc V Y P S S V T E F K F L F V S G H F K G aactacaaggcccagctgaccaggctgaaccgcaaaaccaactgcaatggcgccgtgctg N Y K A Q L T R L N R K T N C N G A V L agcgtggaggagctgctgatcggcggcgagatgatcaaagccggcaccctgacactggag S V E E L L I G G E M I K A G T L T L E gaggtgcggcgcaagttcaacaacggcgagatcaacttc EVRRKFNNGEINF

NR3C1-L (ELD FokI domain)

Target sequence (5' to 3') GTTGAGGAGCTG

atggactacaaagaccatgacggtgattataaagatcatgacatcgattacaaggatgac M D Y K D H D G D Y K D H D I D Y K D D gatgacaagatggcccccaagaagaagaggaggggggcatccacggggtacccgagagg D D K M A P K K K R K V G I H G V P E R cccttccagtgtcgaatctgcatgcgtaacttcagtgacagctggaacctggtccagcac P F Q C R I C M R N F S D S W N L V Q H atccgcacccacacaggcgagaagccttttgcttgcgacatttgtgggaggaagtttgcc I R T H T G E K P F A C D I C G R K F A cgctccgccaacctgacccgccataccaagatacacacgggatctcagaagccttccag R S A N L T R H T K I H T G S Q K P F Q tgtcgaatctgcatgcgtaacttcagtaccccgccacaccgcac

C R I C M R N F S T <mark>S G N L T R</mark> H I R T cacacaggcgagaagccttttgcctgtgacatttgtgggaggaagtttgccacctccggc H T G E K P F A C D I C G R K F A T S G S L T R H T K I H L R G S Q L V K S E L gaggagaagaagtccgagctgcggcacaagctgaagtacgtgccccacgagtacatcgag E E K K S E L R H K L K Y V P H E Y I E ctgatcgagatcgccaggaacagcacccaggaccgcatcctggagatgaaggtgatggag L I E I A R N S T Q D R I L E M K V M E ${\tt ttcttcatgaaggtgtacggctacaggggaaagcacctgggcggaagcagaaagcctgac}$ F F M K V Y G Y R G K H L G G S R K P D ggcgccatctatacagtgggcagccccatcgattacggcgtgatcgtggacacaaaggcc G A I Y T V G S P I D Y G V I V D T K A tacagcggcggctacaatctgcctatcggccaggccgacgagatggagagatacgtggag Y S G G Y N L P I G Q A D E M E R Y V E gagaaccagacccgggataagcacctcaaccccaacgagtggtggaaggtgtaccctagc E N Q T R D K H L N P N E W W K V Y P S agcgtgaccgagttcaagttcctgttcgtgagcggccacttcaagggcaactacaaggcc S V T E F K F L F V S G H F K G N Y K A cagctgaccaggctgaaccacatcaccaactgcaatggcgccgtgctgagcgtggaggag Q L T R L N H I T N C N G A V L S V E E ctgctgatcggcggcgagatgatcaaagccggcaccctgacactggaggaggtgcggcgc L L I G G E M I K A G T L T L E E V R R aagttcaacaacggcgagatcaacttcagatct K F N N G E I N F R S

NR3C1-R (KKR FokI domain)

Target sequence (5' to 3') CAACAGGACCAC

atgagatctgactacaaagaccatgacggtgattataaagatcatgacatcgattacaag M R S D Y K D H D G D Y K D H D I D Y K gatgacgatgacaagatggccccccaagaagaagaggaaggtgggcattcatggggtaccc D D D K M A P K K K R K V G I H G V P gccgccatggcggagaggccctacgcatgccctgtcgagtcctgcgatcgccgcttttct A A M A E R P Y A C P V E S C D R R F S acctcgagggcccttaccgcacatatccgcatccacaccggtgagaagcccttccagtgt T S R A L T A H I R I H T G E K P F Q C ${\tt cgaatctgcatgcgtaacttcagtgacagggccaacctgagccgccacatccgcacccac}$ R I C M R N F S D R A N L S R H I R T H acaggatctcagaagcccttccagtgtcgaatctgcatgcgtaacttcagtcgctccgac T G S Q K P F Q C R I C M R N F S <mark>R S</mark> D N L S E H I R T H T G E K P F A C D I C gggaggaagtttgccgagcgcgccaaccggaactcgcataccaagatacacctgcgggga G R K F A E R A N R N S H T K I H L R G tcccagctggtgaagagcgagctggaggagaagaagtccgagctgcggcacaagctgaag S Q L V K S E L E E K K S E L R H K L K ${\tt tacgtgccccacgagtacatcgagctgatcgagatcgccaggaacagcacccaggaccgc}$ Y V P H E Y I E L I E I A R N S T Q D R atcctggagatgaaggtgatggagttcttcatgaaggtgtacggctacaggggaaagcac I L E M K V M E F F M K V Y G Y R G K H ctgggcggaagcagaaagcctgacggcgccatctatacagtgggcagccccatcgattac L G G S R K P D G A I Y T V G S P I D Y ggcgtgatcgtggacacaaaggcctacagcggcggctacaatctgcctatcggccaggcc

CXCR4-L (ELD FokI domain)

Target sequence (5' to 3') GTAGAAGCGGTC

atggactacaaagaccatgacggtgattataaagatcatgacatcgattacaaggatgac M D Y K D H D G D Y K D H D I D Y K D D gatgacaagatggcccccaagaagaagaggaaggtcggcatccacggggtacccgccgct D D K M A P K K K R K V G I H G V P A A atggctgagaggcccttccagtgtcgaatctgcatgcgtaacttcagtgaccgctccgcc M A E R P F Q C R I C M R N F S D R S A ctgtcccgccacatccgcacccacacaggcgagaagccttttgcctgtgacatttgtggg L S R H I R T H T G E K P F A C D I C G aggaagtttgcccgctccgacgacctgacccgccataccaagatacacacgggatctcag R K F A R S D D L T R H T K I H T G S Q aagcccttccagtgtcgaatctgcatgcgtaacttcagtccggccaacctggcccgc K P F Q C R I C M R N F S Q S G N L A R cacatccgcacccacacaggcgagaagccttttgcctgtgacatttgtgggaggaagtttH I R T H T G E K P F A C D I C G R K F gcccagtccggctccctgacccgccataccaagatacacctgcggggatcccagctggtg A Q S G S L T R H T K I H L R G S Q L V aagagcgagctggaggagaagaagtccgagctgcggcacaagctgaagtacgtgccccac K S E L E E K K S E L R H K L K Y V P H gagtacatcgagctgatcgagatcgccaggaacagcacccaggaccgcatcctggagatg E Y I E L I E I A R N S T Q D R I L E M aaggtgatggagttcttcatgaaggtgtacggctacaggggaaagcacctgggcggaagc K V M E F F M K V Y G Y R G K H L G G S agaaagcctgacggcgccatctatacagtgggcagccccatcgattacggcgtgatcgtg R K P D G A I Y T V G S P I D Y G V I V gacacaaaggcctacagcggcggctacaatctgcctatcggccaggccgacgagatggag D T K A Y S G G Y N L P I G Q A D E M E agatacqtggaggagaaccagacccgggataagcacctcaaccccaacgagtggtggaag RYVEENQTRDKHLNPNEWWK gtgtaccctagcagcgtgaccgagttcaagttcctgttcgtgagcggccacttcaagggc V Y P S S V T E F K F L F V S G H F K G aactacaaggcccagctgaccaggctgaaccacatcaccaactgcaatggcgccgtgctg N Y K A Q L T R L N H I T N C N G A V L agcgtggaggagctgctgatcggcggcgagatgatcaaagccggcaccctgacactggag S V E E L L I G G E M I K A G T L T L E gaggtgcggcgcaagttcaacaacggcgagatcaacttcagatct E V R R K F N N G E I N F R S

CXCR4-R (KKR FokI domain)

Target sequence (5' to 3') GACTTGTGGGTG

atggactacaaagaccatgacggtgattataaagatcatgacatcgattacaaggatgac M D Y K D H D G D Y K D H D I D Y K D D gatgacaagatggccccccaagaagaagaggaaggtcggcattcatggggtacccgccgct D D K M A P K K K R K V G I H G V P A Α atggctgagaggcccttccagtgtcgaatctgcatgcgtaacttcagtcgctccgactcc M A E R P F Q C R I C M R N F S <mark>R S</mark> D S ctgctgcgccacatccgcaccacacaggcgagaagccttttgcctgtgacatttgtggg L L R H I R T H T G E K P F A C D I C G aggaagtttgcccgctccgaccacctgaccacccataccaagatacacacgggatctcag R K F A R S D H L T T H T K I H T G S Q aagcccttccagtgtcgaatctgcatgcgtaacttcagtcgctccgactccctgtccgcc K P F Q C R I C M R N F S R S D S L S A cacatccqcacccacacaqqcqaqaaqccttttqcctqtqacatttqtqqqaqqaaqttt H I R T H T G E K P F A C D I C G R K F gccgaccgctccaacctgacccgccataccaagatacacctgcggggatcccagctggtg A D R S N L T R H T K I H L R G S Q L V aagagcgagctggaggagaagaagtccgagctgcggcacaagctgaagtacgtgccccac K S E L E E K K S E L R H K L K Y V P H gagtacatcgagctgatcgagatcgccaggaacagcacccaggaccgcatcctggagatg E Y I E L I E I A R N S T Q D R I L E М aaggtgatggagttcttcatgaaggtgtacggctacaggggaaagcacctgggcggaagc K V M E F F M K V Y G Y R G K H L G G S agaaagcctgacggcgccatctatacagtgggcagccccatcgattacggcgtgatcgtg R K P D G A I Y T V G S P I D Y G V I V gacacaaaggcctacagcggcggctacaatctgcctatcggccaggccgacgagatgcag D T K A Y S G G Y N L P I G Q A D E M 0 agatacqtgaaqgagaaccagacccggaataagcacatcaaccccaacgagtggtggaag RYVKENQTRNKHINPNEWW Κ gtgtaccctagcagcgtgaccgagttcaagttcctgttcgtgagcggccacttcaagggc V Y P S S V T E F K F L F V S G H F K G aactacaaggcccagctgaccaggctgaaccgcaaaaccaactgcaatggcgccgtgctg N Y K A Q L T R L N R K T N C N G A V L agcgtggaggagctgctgatcggcggcgagatgatcaaagccggcaccctgacactggag S V E E L L I G G E M I K A G T L T L Ε gaggtgcggcgcaagttcaacaacggcgagatcaacttc EVRRKFNNGEINF

The recognition helices are shown in red and the FokI mutations are labeled in blue.

Supplementary Note 2

RFLP donor vector sequence

The tag sequence is shown in red and the BamHI site is underlined. The ZFN binding sites are labeled in blue.